

WEBINAR SYSTEMS



A MAESTROCONFERENCE WHITE PAPER

INTRODUCTION

At MaestroConference, we've seen thousands of customers aiming for specific results with their webinars. Our goal with this white paper is to assist readers in navigating the multiple webinar options available, and to help them find the solution that will create the optimal results for their organization. The following ideas will be addressed in this document:

- * Results that webinar hosts are seeking
- * Key metrics for webinar programs
- * Successfully evaluating a webinar provider
- * Engaging participants during the event
- * Driving actions and achieving desired results

DESIRED RESULTS Most webinar hosts seek very similar outcomes:

- Increased attendance at their events
- Attendees enjoying the event, being impacted and feeling inspired
- An increase in measurable actions by attendees during or after the event (such as volunteering, making a donation, or purchasing a program)
- Simple and practical ways for attendees to commit to action and be accountable to each other
- Motivation for the audience to return for future events
- Increased word of mouth and referrals to future webinars

COMMON PROBLEMS Unfortunately, the typical webinar, regardless of the technology used, when facilitated in a "traditional way" has the following problems:

- Few people register and fewer attend, even after much marketing and promotion
- Those attending report lackluster satisfaction and very little learning
- They have low "action conversion rates" (follow-through actions, such as purchases)
- Many people don't return to future events
- There's zero "viral buzz" and people don't talk about the event with their friends

One might wonder how to transform a run of the mill webinar into an awesome event. This paper provides a framework to help by illustrating how to evaluate a webinar solution—such as MaestroConference, WebEx, GoToWebinar, FreeConferenceCall, Instant Teleseminar, or the myriad of other options—to see if it has the capabilities necessary to recruit, inspire, and motivate.

We're looking at both what technology to use and how to use it effectively. Great technology, used poorly, simply yields poor results. In fact, technology only enables great events; it doesn't create them. We've learned some things that any host should consider when looking at technology platforms and the types of interactions those platforms enable among participants.



A REAL CHALLENGE FOR US: OPENING MINDS

From **BRIAN BURT**, CEO of MaestroConference

Webinars suck. I'm not going to lie to you. Most webinars are terrible. And that's not just my opinion—it's what we've heard from countless people since entering this industry. Customers can't even understand the concept that it's possible to do a great webinar—one that's truly exciting and engaging.

One of our biggest challenges when talking to prospective customers is that they believe webinars have to look like what they've previously experienced. We've seen a whole different world of what great, highly engaging, and interactive virtual events can look like. We built the platform for that, and our customers have gone farther with it than we ever imagined.

For example, in a large "virtual thought leader gathering" dozens, hundreds, or even thousands of people are each asked to come and contribute their thoughts and speak on behalf of their organizations, or on behalf of their own individual beliefs or experiences.

For attendees, the difference between coming to observe and coming to participate is night and day. We hope all hosts have the chance to experience social webinars that people love.

THE 4 FACTORS TO ANALYZE ANY WEBINAR PROGRAM

There are four factors we believe drive the results that webinar hosts usually seek. A feature checklist, while important, will do little to help webinar hosts understand these results. What will help is the following metrics.

PARTICIPATION People not only attend, but feel like they are involved in the discussion, not simply observers. They feel compelled to contribute, and they believe they have a stake in the outcome of the conversation.

Metrics: How many people attend multiple events? How many tell others about an event afterwards? Do participants speak to the host and/or one another? How much do people feel like they are "watching" versus feeling they are "part of the event"?

CONNECTION & RELATIONSHIPS People feel personally connected with the presenters, the host organization, other attendees, the cause, and sometimes even with the global community formed around the topics discussed. They develop an interest in continuing a relationship with the host organization and with other attendees.

Metrics: How many people continue to stay connected with someone they met during the webinar? Are any willing to invest their social capital in promoting the next event?

EMOTION People feel uplifted, awakened, or challenged. An active emotional state increases retention of information and ups the likelihood that attendees will return for future events.

Metrics: Do people easily recall the information from the webinar? Do they feel inspired by the content? Do they share stories or experiences from the event with friends after the webinar is complete?

COMMITMENT & ACTION People take the opportunity, during the presentation, to vow to do something to further the mission—be it becoming a member, purchasing a product or service, or giving time to volunteer. With the right technology, they can act on that promise immediately.

Metrics: How many people take action during the event? How many make commitments that stick, during the event?

Factor One: Participation

Webinar hosts say they want people to "participate" in their webinars. What does that mean?

At one extreme, hosts of traditional webinars consider simply watching a presentation participating, even though it consists of zero active involvement. These same hosts might consider the conference "interactive" if they have a short Q&A session and a small sampling of the people ask questions. That is, maybe 95% have a completely passive experience, and the other 5% interact for less than one minute each. This level of participant engagement is far short of the type of active participation that drives the metrics and results webinar hosts typically want.

Participation,
connection,
emotion, and
action are the key
elements to
effective webinars.

At MaestroConference, we take a much closer look at what those attending actually do, because it's crucial for driving learning, action, and connection. A group learning study in the *Journal of Educational Psychology* notes, "The level of constructive activity [people engaged in] was the strongest predictor of achievement." With that in mind, we have come up with the following scale:

SCALE OF PARTICIPATION

LOW

WATCHING Attendees observe the presentation with no interaction.

WATCHING WITH FEEDBACK A small group of people pose questions or comments to the host at the end of the presentation.

CASUAL CHAT Some participants ask questions of the host and others during the event via a chat room or message board.

VOTING AND OPTING IN All attendees are asked to give feedback through polls or one-click opt-ins, which may be used to drive the conversation.

THINKING OUT LOUD All are invited to speak out loud and to discuss the topic with other attendees in breakout groups.

HIGH

MOVING THE ACTION FORWARD *People receive and provide feed-back, applying the topic to their unique situations during a live discussion.*

When attendees have an opportunity to think actively, speak out, articulate an action step, or get feedback on their situation or thoughts, the experience feels personal—even with hundreds of people attending the event. Those with a stake in the conversation remember the joy and level of understanding they felt in being included with their peers around questions that can truly create change.

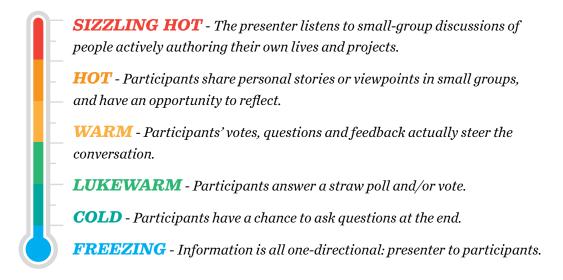
PRACTICAL APPLICATION AND ATTENDANCE METRIC

Jesse and Sharla Jacobs, owners of Thrive Academy, a firm specializing in growth strategies for holistic organizations, shifted from using a traditional webinar presentation format (the first level on the scale) to a format of high participation. Each attendee had the opportunity (in a breakout session) to speak about their business, their questions, and the steps to apply the day's topic to their situation—and to give and receive feedback.

BREAKOUT GROUPS EXPLAINED

A breakout session occurs when the host splits a large group of attendees into smaller groups similar to breakout sessions at a traditional, in-person conference—to make teaching and learning easier and give all an opportunity to speak. Participants were invited to stay on the call after the webinar was done to continue to "mastermind," or share the learnings from the valuable experiences they each have running their business.

Over a six-month period, the hosts reported a roughly 350% increase in attendance at their webinars, which they attributed directly to using a more participatory approach.



Factor Two: Relationship & Connection

Attendees come together to rally around a cause when the context of the conversation inspires them to participate, and relationships and relationship building are a powerful draw for people who are actively involved in making things happen. With social conferencing, a tremendous amount of relationship building and connection can occur during a virtual event. Unlike a traditional webinar, with a "talk and listen" format, contributions are welcome and new ideas drive the conversation.

Meaningful conversations build relationships that extend far beyond the conference. We've heard people report that their lives changed profoundly after attending a social webinar event, saying they literally found their friends, business partners, collaborators, or even their fiancée (really!) in a breakout discussion. Many individuals expressed that they didn't know there were so many others who shared their values.

CREATING CONNECTION

Asking an inspiring question at the start of the conversation is one method for inviting participants to connect more deeply, opening up minds to what is possible.

Relationship building is under appreciated by hosts but highly valued by participants. Breaking up the main room into small groups can make it easier for people to participate freely and to get to know one another better. Through brainstorming with others who share similar values, a sense of ownership of the conversation is created.

More breakout groups can follow, but connection can take place during the main presentation too. When the host expresses passion for the topic through words, tone of voice, and visuals, it captivates the minds of attendees. Participants who feel like they are having an inspiring conversation are more apt to contribute by asking questions and offering their own ideas. This creates a sense of intimacy—like a fireside chat, rather than a Web conference.

In a recent event with Deepak Chopra, a participant commented that he "felt like Deepak Chopra was in the living room with me." Following that particular presentation, people were still talking in their breakout groups for more than an hour.

An effective webinar platform provides these tools to help deepen connection:

- The host can call on people by name
- Participants can see the faces of the people they are talking to
- Breakout session capability allows small groups to share freely

It may seem hard to tell, at first, if participants feel connected to the conversation—but it's actually very measurable.

SIZZLING HOT - Creating a new and lasting relationship that feels valuable and worth continuing beyond the conversation.

HOT - Speaking out loud during a breakout group and having a stake in the outcome of the discussion.

WARM - Being acknowledged by the facilitator, greeted by name and invited to converse.

LUKEWARM - Feeling welcomed to participate and considering commenting or asking a question.

COLD - Viewing the presentation and focusing on the content; sympathizing with the material and subjects being discussed.

CONNECTION AND SOCIAL NETWORKING

A good webinar product lets people discuss the topic beforehand within a social media framework, and inform their friends or followers of their future attendance (it's a good way to gain word of mouth and more attendees). For example, MaestroConference lets hosts add a Facebook feed to their event registration page, allowing participants to share details on the event with their friends. Further connections result when participants link directly from the event to find a person they met in a breakout group in social media.



Factor Three: Emotion

Webinar hosts hold events with a specific goal in mind, whether it be an action, learning, or relationship. Emotion plays a key role in achieving these goals. When a participant's emotions are heightened, the amygdala, or emotional center of the brain, interacts with the hippocampus, increasing the likelihood of retention.*

If the brain is in an emotional flatline state—typical when a person is watching television due to boredom, or being present but not interested in a webinar—learning is inhibited. Learning is an emotional activity, as is a decision to move into action, and there's no dispute that the process of forming relationships is rich with emotion. The host who promotes these activities is one whose presentation is likely to be a catalyst for change.

WHAT CREATES EMOTION?

Hosts often make the mistake of trying to entertain or add emotion simply by being charismatic. It's hard to really grip people and hold their attention when they're simply viewing or listening. For every viral, truly emotionally engaging YouTube video, there are perhaps millions that aspire to be that viral and engaging. It's not that a webinar host shouldn't try to give an engaging talk, just that one shouldn't lean on talk alone. Webinar hosts can reliably add the essential emotional connection with these more accessible means:

An active emotional state for attendees is essential for the best results.

PERSONAL INVOLVEMENT Participants apply a general framework to their own personal situation. For example, they brainstorm ideas on next steps to take in their own lives to achieve spoken goals. The host can bring this about by breaking participants into small groups to discuss a relevant topic.

ASPIRATIONAL REFLECTION People consider what is possible in relation to the topic and community. For example, in a webinar related to fitness, a host may ask, "What would your life look like if you followed the healthy lifestyle we're talking about? What would be the impact on your family?" This gives attendees the opportunity to apply the topic to their own life experiences, to form an emotional tie, and then to discuss it with others by speaking it out loud in breakout groups.

INTERNAL REFLECTION People who attend a social conferencing event with an internal focus are reminded of issues that are important to them and why they want to see change happen. Often, a certain vulnerability is present that serves relationship building, trust, and openness. The host can let participants generate content by

^{*} Cognitive neuroscience of emotional memory — Kevin S. LaBar and Roberto Cabeza

coming up with their own questions or discussion topics, either prior to or during the webinar. This isn't appropriate for every event, but for certain events participants find such reflections powerful.

TEAM DYNAMIC A friendly contest or group collaboration usually enhances emotions such as camaraderie, shared responsibility, a desire to help others, or gratitude for others' care. For example, participants can brainstorm solutions to a common problem and then vote on the best one.

SIZZLING HOT - Interactive session with each person articulating to their breakout something they're truly passionate about, and some sharing to the large group from within breakouts.

HOT - Breakout groups where people are problem-solving together.

WARM - Integrated calls to action, such as straw polls or opting in.

LUKEWARM - Webcam "talking head" with interactive typed comments.

COLD - Typical presentation where participants simply watch.

MaestroConference makes it possible to create an aspirational collective where people in the conversation can consider these questions:

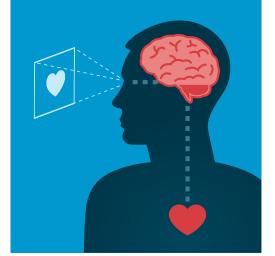
- What could we do together?
- What change could we make?
- How can I change my life/change the world?

The desired emotions vary tremendously from event to event. So, when evaluating technologies, it's more important to look at what communication types are available.

SCIENCE OF ENGAGEMENT

In a 2004 Duke University study, researchers showed their subjects 90 images and asked them to rate their emotional responses to each. A year later they were again shown 90 images, some new and some they'd seen previously. Each remembered the pictures they had emotionally connected with at a significantly higher rate than those they had rated as neutral. Also, memory champions like Ed Cooke tell people trying to remember a shopping list to create a colorful, moving, and emotional story which involves each item in the list.

Further reading: <u>How Brain Gives Special resonance to Emotional Memories</u>



Factor Four: Commitment & Action

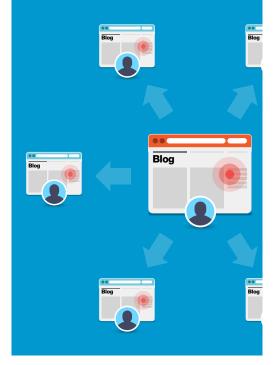
There's an African proverb that states, "When you pray, move your feet." Furthering a mission requires action from those involved. Concrete action is almost always the desired result of a presentation; it is not simply to gain viewers. With many events we've seen here at MaestroConference attendees are so inspired by the virtual event they take action during the event: making a donation, signing up to volunteer, purchasing a program, committing to recruit others, etc. So, we think it's important to evaluate webinar technology to see what options are available for commitment and concrete action within the webinar interactions.

FORMS OF COMMITMENT

- I Opting in to an email list. It's best if attendees can signal interest as easily as possible during the event. One-click technology allows them to do so with just one button push on their keyboards or phones. In a recent MaestroConference event with Deepak Chopra, 75% of attendees signed up for weekly e-mails using this option. To achieve this kind of result, we recommend looking for a system that allows not only button-push signaling within the webinar, but also lets the presenter capture the name, email, and phone number of those signaling and copy those into a spread-sheet or database.
- II Volunteering or pledging. This is committing to perform an action or make a purchase, through electronic means. For example, in an event with Michelle Obama supporting the president's 2012 re-election campaign, 80% of attendees made a pledge to volunteer in support of the campaign, again using the one-click technology described above.
- III Making a verbal commitment to individual action. During a breakout group, an attendee says out loud what he or she is going to do—specifically, to act in regards to the mission discussed in the webinar. During his webinars, Jack Canfield asks attendees, "What's the one action you will commit to this week to move you towards your goal you identified earlier today?" Attendees respond

CO-BROWSING & COMMITMENT TO ACTION

All webinar platforms allow participants to view a static page. MaestroConference also offers a co-browsing feature, which allows the host to show a web page right in the main window during the presentation, allowing participants to post on a message board, fill out an order form, etc., taking action on a Web page of the host's choice right within the webinar. It's a great way to prompt action while maintaining focus.



verbally with a specific action, which becomes more motivating than simply typing a response. It seems more "real." MaestroConference can provide individual consulting to customers about customizing questions to achieve their most desired results. Finding a platform and company that excels at this individualized support is key.

IV Conducting commerce interactions. The webinar host asks who is ready to sign up for a service or buy a product. An assistant invites each interested person to a private one-on-one breakout to complete the transaction. For example, a business coach takes signups for a platinum mastermind session right during a prospect event. A new customer gives her his credit card information to purchase coaching sessions. The coach and client have a one on one "laser coaching" session right then, while the content of the presentation is still fresh in both of their minds.

It's commerce interaction plus the commencement of a teaching program. Using a platform with private breakout room technology is fundamental to ensure privacy for the buyer and no disruption to the ongoing webinar. MaestroConference, as the leader in high-interactivity webinars, has a U.S. Patent on this feature.

CONCLUSION

With a new awareness of what is possible, it's important to consider what participants can experience. Web conferencing providers, to varying degrees, are successful at offering ways for attendees to participate, become emotionally invested, create relationships, and take action. Achieving desired results often requires a combination of features.

CONTACT US

If you're interested in how social conferencing can enhance your global events, we hope you will be in touch. MaestroConference provides live demonstrations, free training for new customers, and one-on-one consultations for qualified hosts. If you'd like to deepen your understanding of our capabilities and what they can do for your organization, we look forward to speaking with you.

Email sales@maestroconference.com Register for a free trial account at MaestroConference.com Call us at +1 877 414 1515

We'd love to help you decide what platform is best for your business, and support you through the process if you determine that social conferencing advances your mission.