



FROM REACTIVE TO PROACTIVE

*The Definitive Toolkit
for Smarter Logistics Automation*

Contents

Section 1: Why Automation is No Longer Optional.....	02
Section 2: From Labor Savings to Efficiency Gains: The Direct Impact of Automation on Shipping Operations.....	05
Section 3: Transformative Tech in Logistics: A Look at What's Next.....	07
Section 4: Shippers' Guide to Implementing Automation.....	12
Section 5: Self-Assessment.....	14
Section 6: Appendix A: Glossary of Terms.....	16
Section 7: Appendix B: Works Cited.....	17

Why Automation is No Longer Optional

In today's fast-paced logistics environment, shippers are under more pressure than ever to deliver faster, reduce costs, and maintain flexibility in the face of fluctuating demand. The complexity of modern supply chains—with multiple transportation modes, vast geographic reach, and increasing customer expectations—makes traditional, manual processes unsustainable. Enter logistics automation, a transformative force that is reshaping the way shippers operate by leveraging cutting-edge technologies to enhance efficiency, accuracy, and scalability.

Automation technologies, such as artificial intelligence (AI), robotics, and the Internet of Things (IoT), are becoming indispensable tools for shippers who aim to stay competitive. The key question is no longer if automation should be adopted, but how to strategically implement it to drive the most value.

The Key Benefits of Automating Logistics

1. Efficiency Gains through Robotics and AI

Automation allows shippers to perform routine and labor-intensive tasks with greater speed and accuracy. In warehouse operations, for instance, autonomous mobile robots (AMRs) and automated guided vehicles (AGVs) are handling tasks like picking, packing, and transporting goods. These systems work tirelessly 24/7, eliminating bottlenecks and increasing throughput via AMRs by 60% [1] and productivity via AGVs by 50 – 70% [2].

Robotic Process Automation (RPA) in administrative functions is similarly impactful. Tasks like order entry, shipment scheduling, and invoice processing can be automated to reduce manual errors and processing times. AI algorithms also optimize operations by analyzing real-time data to predict demand, preventing costly stockouts or overstock situations.

According to Deloitte, companies that have implemented automated solutions have seen significant efficiency gains, saving between 40% - 75% in labor hours [3].

2. Cost Reduction through Labor Optimization

Labor costs are a significant expense for shippers. Automating routine tasks helps companies make better use of their workforce by allowing employees to focus on more strategic and rewarding roles, ultimately improving overall productivity. Additionally, the use of autonomous vehicles, such as drones for last-mile delivery, helps reduce fuel and driver costs, contributing to more efficient transportation budgets.

3. Inventory Accuracy and Supply Chain Visibility

One of the most significant challenges for shippers is maintaining accurate inventory data across multiple warehouses or distribution centers. With automated systems powered by IoT devices, real-time tracking of inventory becomes seamless. Technologies such as radio frequency identification (RFID) tags and IoT-enabled sensors provide continuous updates on stock levels, helping shippers maintain an increase in 65% – 95% inventory accuracy [4].

This level of visibility not only enhances inventory control but also improves demand forecasting, allowing companies to adjust supply levels in response to real-time customer demand. The result? Reduced storage costs and fewer instances of expensive rush shipments due to stockouts.

This automation cuts order fulfillment times by 30 - 50%, [5] allowing shippers to meet customer expectations for rapid delivery without compromising accuracy.

4. Faster Delivery and Enhanced Customer Satisfaction

Speed has become a critical differentiator in logistics, particularly in e-commerce, where customers expect same-day or next-day delivery. Automated warehousing solutions, such as automated storage and retrieval systems (ASRS), streamline operations by speeding up the picking, sorting, and packing processes.

Optimized routing systems powered by AI also improve delivery times by determining the most efficient routes and minimizing transit delays. With real-time tracking and precise ETAs, shippers can offer their customers visibility into their shipments, boosting transparency and overall satisfaction.

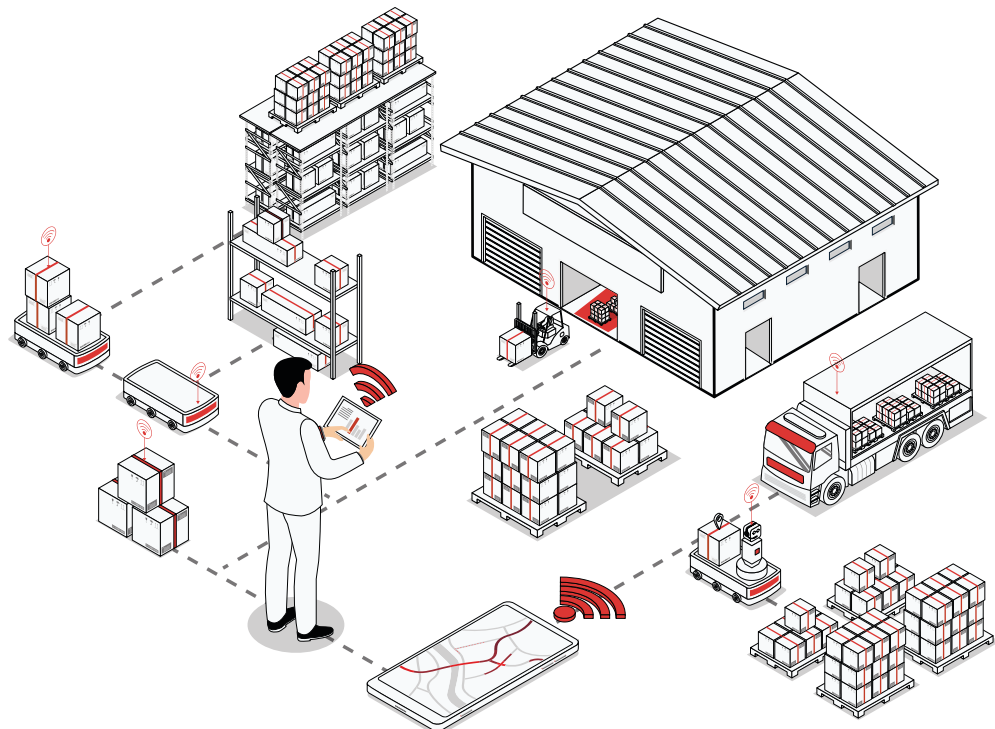
Overcoming Key Challenges with Automation

1. Managing Complexity in Global Supply Chains

Global supply chains are more complex than ever, often spanning multiple regions, suppliers, and transportation modes. Automation addresses this complexity by providing scalable, modular solutions that integrate seamlessly with existing systems. Cloud-based Transportation Management Systems (TMS) can automatically route shipments, manage carrier relationships, and provide real-time tracking across vast networks, all while reducing the need for manual intervention.

2. Adapting to Market Disruptions

In an era of frequent supply chain disruptions, from geopolitical events to natural disasters, shippers need the agility to adapt quickly. AI-powered analytics tools help shippers anticipate potential disruptions by analyzing a wide range of factors—weather patterns, political instability, labor market fluctuations—and develop contingency plans in advance. Automated systems ensure that businesses can pivot operations swiftly without losing efficiency or incurring high costs.

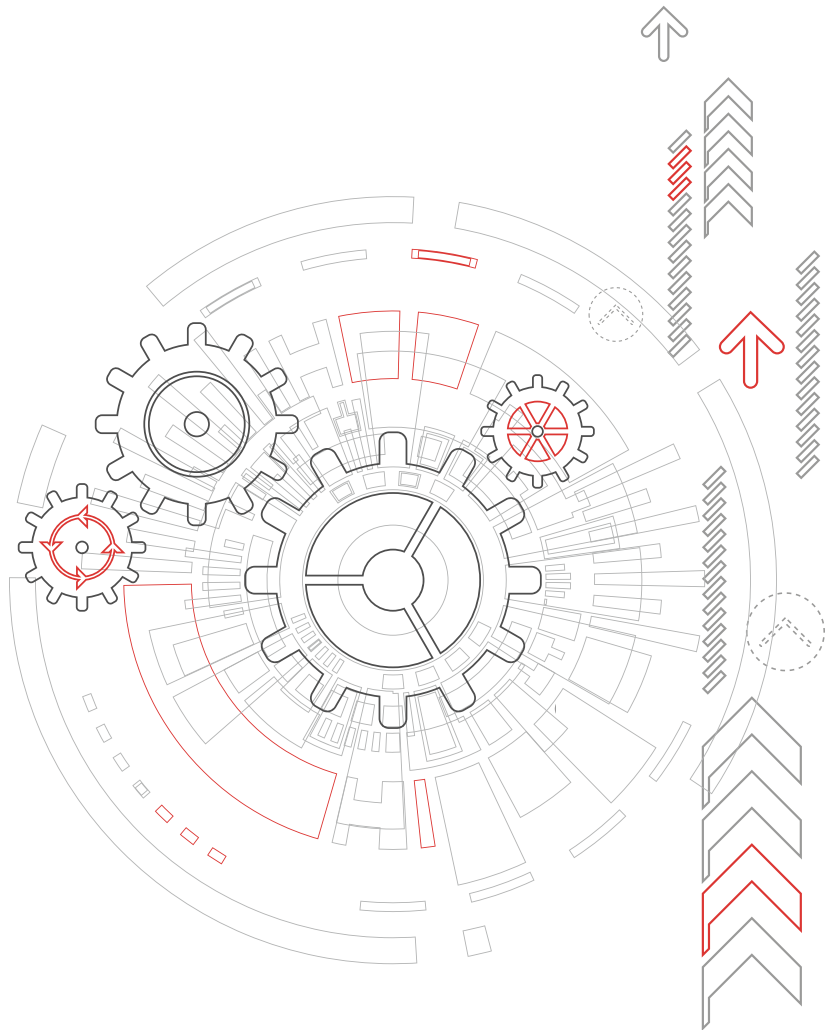


Real-World Success: Amazon's Automated Supply Chain

A prime example of automation's transformative power in logistics is Amazon, which has fully embraced robotics, AI, and machine learning to streamline its supply chain. By deploying tens of thousands of robots in its fulfillment centers, Amazon has reduced order processing times, cut labor costs, and improved the overall accuracy of its operations. As a result, Amazon can offer its customers faster deliveries at lower costs, setting a new standard for the industry.

Conclusion: The Future of Logistics is Automated

For shippers, automation is no longer optional; it is the key to staying competitive in a rapidly changing market. By investing in automation technologies, shippers can reduce costs, improve efficiency, and meet the growing demands of their customers. The path forward lies in strategic implementation, starting with identifying the most pressing challenges within the supply chain and applying automation to solve them. Shippers who embrace automation today will be well-positioned to not only weather current disruptions, but also thrive in the future of logistics.



From Labor Savings to Efficiency Gains: The Direct Impact of Automation on Shipping Operations

Automation has evolved from being a luxury to becoming a strategic necessity for shippers focused on reducing costs, improving efficiency, and staying ahead of market demands. From warehouse operations to transportation management, automation technology reshapes how logistics tasks are executed, offering substantial labor cost reductions while improving operational efficiency. Here's how automation directly impacts shippers across key areas of their logistics operations.

Technologies like ASRS, robotic picking systems, and conveyor systems can increase warehouse productivity by 67% [6].

Reducing Labor Costs Through Automation

By leveraging automation, companies can optimize these costs in multiple areas of logistics while empowering their workforce to take on more valuable tasks:

Warehouse Automation: By automating repetitive tasks such as picking, sorting, and packing, shippers can streamline warehouse operations, allowing employees to focus on higher-value activities and reducing the likelihood of human error.

Administrative Efficiency via RPA: Administrative and back-office tasks, often seen as tedious and prone to errors, can benefit from RPA. Automating tasks such as data entry, order management, and invoice processing can lead to significant efficiency gains of up to 40% [7]. With RPA, shippers can allocate resources more effectively, ensuring employees can focus on strategic initiatives and maintain accuracy in back-office functions.

TMS Automation: TMS automation goes beyond simplifying transport operations—it reduces manual processes, including tasks like order processing and shipment tracking. Automated scheduling, route planning, and freight matching improve the efficiency of transportation operations, reducing the need for manual intervention and enabling employees to concentrate on optimizing customer service and strategic planning.

Streamlining Warehouse and Inventory Management

Shippers face constant pressure to manage inventory efficiently and fulfill orders quickly. Warehouse automation and integrated systems provide the tools necessary to meet these demands:

Real-Time Inventory Tracking: Automated systems provide shippers with real-time visibility into stock levels, reducing the risk of overstocking or running out of key products. With accurate inventory tracking, shippers can prevent costly stockouts, optimize inventory turns, and ensure faster order fulfillment.

Automated Reordering and Stock Management: Automation triggers reorders based on pre-defined thresholds, reducing manual oversight and preventing supply chain disruptions. By automating these processes, shippers maintain optimal stock levels and free up labor for higher-value tasks.

Robotic Picking and Packing Systems: Automation in picking and packing increases the speed and accuracy of order fulfillment, cutting down on fulfillment times by eliminating manual errors. This efficiency translates to faster delivery times and improved customer satisfaction—key competitive advantages in the modern shipping landscape.

Enhancing Decision-Making with AI and Predictive Analytics

AI-driven solutions integrated with automation platforms give shippers a critical advantage in making informed decisions that enhance operational efficiency:

AI-Optimized Route Planning: With AI, shippers can optimize their routes for faster delivery and reduced fuel consumption. By analyzing factors such as traffic patterns, weather conditions, and carrier performance, AI suggests the most efficient routes, helping shippers cut down on transportation costs by up to 23% [8].

Predictive Demand Forecasting: AI and machine learning tools analyze historical data and market trends to provide accurate demand forecasts, enabling shippers to adjust their inventory levels proactively. This prevents overstocking, reduces carrying costs, and ensures that the right products are available when needed, minimizing stockouts and excess inventory.

Data-Driven Insights for Strategic Planning: Automated systems provide shippers with valuable data, from inventory management to transportation performance, helping them make informed decisions. Advanced analytics enable shippers to spot inefficiencies, identify cost-saving opportunities, and improve long-term planning.

Long-Term Cost Efficiency and Scalability

Automation enhances scalability, enabling shippers to handle growing volumes while allowing employees to focus on higher-value tasks.

While the initial investment in automation technologies can be substantial, the long-term benefits often justify the cost. As operations expand, automated systems seamlessly scale, providing ongoing efficiency gains and creating opportunities for employees to contribute through problem-solving, process improvement, and overseeing advanced technologies.

Moreover, automation enhances customer satisfaction by providing real-time visibility into shipments, faster response times, and proactive problem-solving capabilities. Automated systems support employees by minimizing delays, reducing manual errors, and streamlining communication with customers, leading to more efficient operations and improved service levels.

Conclusion: Driving Competitive Advantage Through Automation

By automating key logistics operations, shippers not only reduce labor costs but also enhance their overall operational efficiency, minimize risks, and improve customer satisfaction. As automation technology continues to evolve, shippers who invest in these solutions will remain at the forefront of the industry, leveraging data-driven insights, streamlined processes, and scalable systems to meet the demands of a complex, fast-paced market.

SECTION 3

Transformative Tech in Logistics: A Look at What's Next

The logistics industry is on the cusp of a transformative shift driven by advanced technologies that promise to redefine operational efficiency, accuracy, and strategic agility. As shippers navigate this evolving landscape, understanding and implementing these technologies will be crucial for maintaining a competitive edge. Here's an in-depth look at the transformative advancements in logistics automation and their potential impacts on shippers.

AI and Machine Learning: Elevating Predictive Analytics and Decision-Making

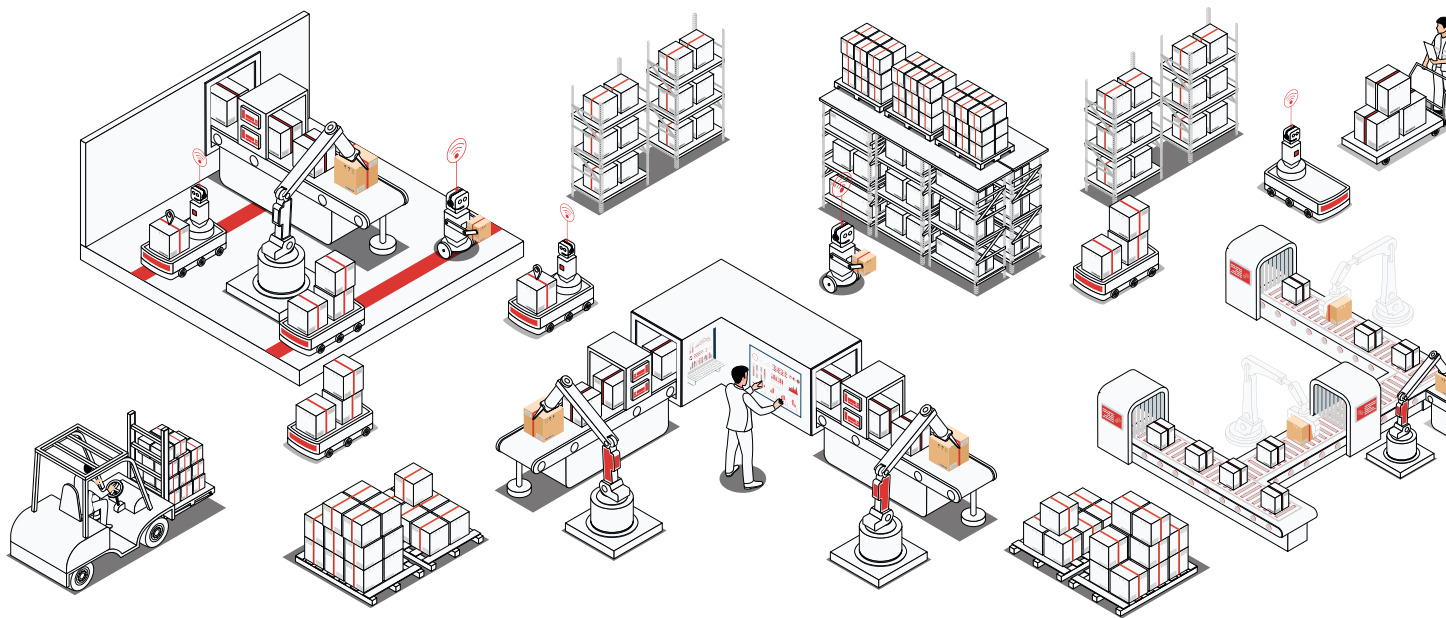
AI and Machine Learning are revolutionizing TMS by enhancing predictive capabilities and decision-making processes. Future TMS platforms will leverage AI to forecast demand with unprecedented accuracy, optimize routing in real-time, and anticipate potential disruptions before they impact operations. For instance, AI-driven algorithms can analyze vast amounts of historical and real-time data to predict peak periods, enabling shippers to proactively adjust their strategies. This not only reduces costs associated with delays and inefficiencies, but also enhances service levels by ensuring timely and accurate deliveries.

Real-Time Data and Visibility: Achieving Operational Transparency

The push towards real-time data integration is transforming how shippers manage their supply chains. Advanced TMS platforms are incorporating real-time visibility tools that provide end-to-end tracking of shipments, inventory levels, and transportation statuses. This level of transparency allows for immediate responses to changes and exceptions, significantly improving the ability to manage disruptions and optimize supply chain performance. Enhanced visibility also facilitates better coordination with suppliers and carriers, leading to smoother and more reliable logistics operations.

Autonomous Vehicles and Drones: Redefining Transportation Efficiency

The integration of autonomous vehicles and drones represents a significant leap forward in logistics automation. Autonomous trucks are set to revolutionize long-haul transportation by improving operational efficiency and supporting the workforce by reducing repetitive driving tasks. Meanwhile, drones are poised to handle last-mile deliveries, offering faster and more flexible shipping options. Shippers will need to adapt their TMS to seamlessly manage and optimize these emerging technologies, ensuring that their logistics operations can fully capitalize on the efficiencies and cost savings they offer while providing new opportunities for employees to manage and enhance these advanced systems.

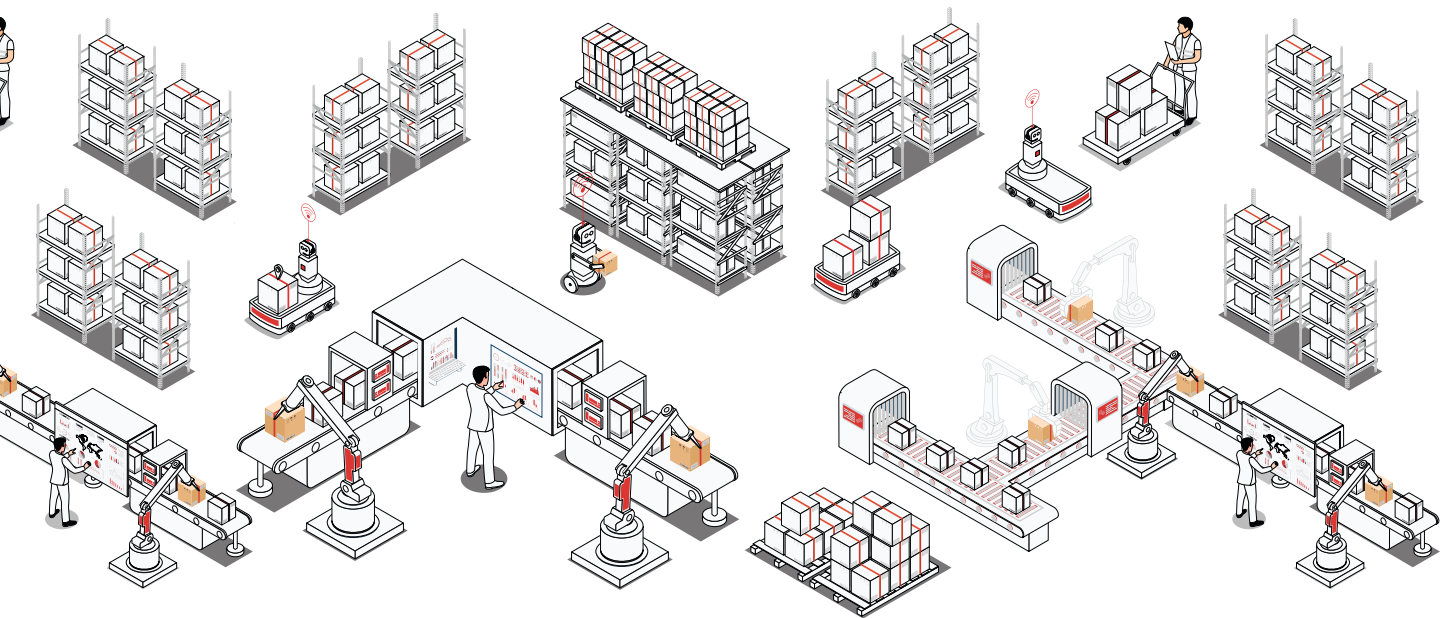


Blockchain Technology: Enhancing Security and Transparency

Blockchain technology is becoming a cornerstone of logistics automation by providing immutable records of transactions and enhancing supply chain transparency. By integrating blockchain into TMS, shippers can ensure data integrity, reduce the risk of fraud, and facilitate better coordination among stakeholders. For example, blockchain can track the provenance of goods and verify their authenticity, which is particularly valuable in industries requiring stringent compliance and quality assurance.

Advanced Robotics and Automation: Streamlining Warehouse Operations

Robotics and automation are increasingly vital in warehouse management. Future TMS solutions will integrate with advanced robotic systems to automate tasks such as picking, packing, and sorting. This integration will streamline warehouse operations, reduce human error, and improve overall efficiency. Companies like Amazon and Ocado are already leveraging robotic technologies to transform their warehouse



User Interfaces and Experience: Simplifying Interaction

The evolution of user interfaces in TMS will focus on creating more intuitive and user-friendly experiences. Future systems will feature advanced dashboards, customizable interfaces, and easy-to-navigate functionalities. This will empower logistics professionals to interact with the system more effectively, make informed decisions quickly, and harness the full potential of data-driven insights.

Sustainability and Environmental Impact: Embracing Green Logistics

Sustainability is becoming a key consideration in logistics automation. Future TMS solutions will incorporate features that support green logistics initiatives, such as route optimization to minimize fuel consumption and emissions. Shippers will increasingly seek TMS platforms that align with their environmental goals and contribute to broader sustainability objectives.

Collaborative Platforms and Ecosystem Integration: Enhancing Supply Chain Coordination

The future of TMS will see greater emphasis on collaborative platforms and ecosystem integration. By seamlessly integrating with other business systems and platforms, TMS will enable more efficient data exchange and coordination across the supply chain. This will lead to improved collaboration among suppliers, carriers, and customers, fostering a more integrated and effective logistics network.

Adaptive and Scalable Solutions: Meeting Evolving Business Needs

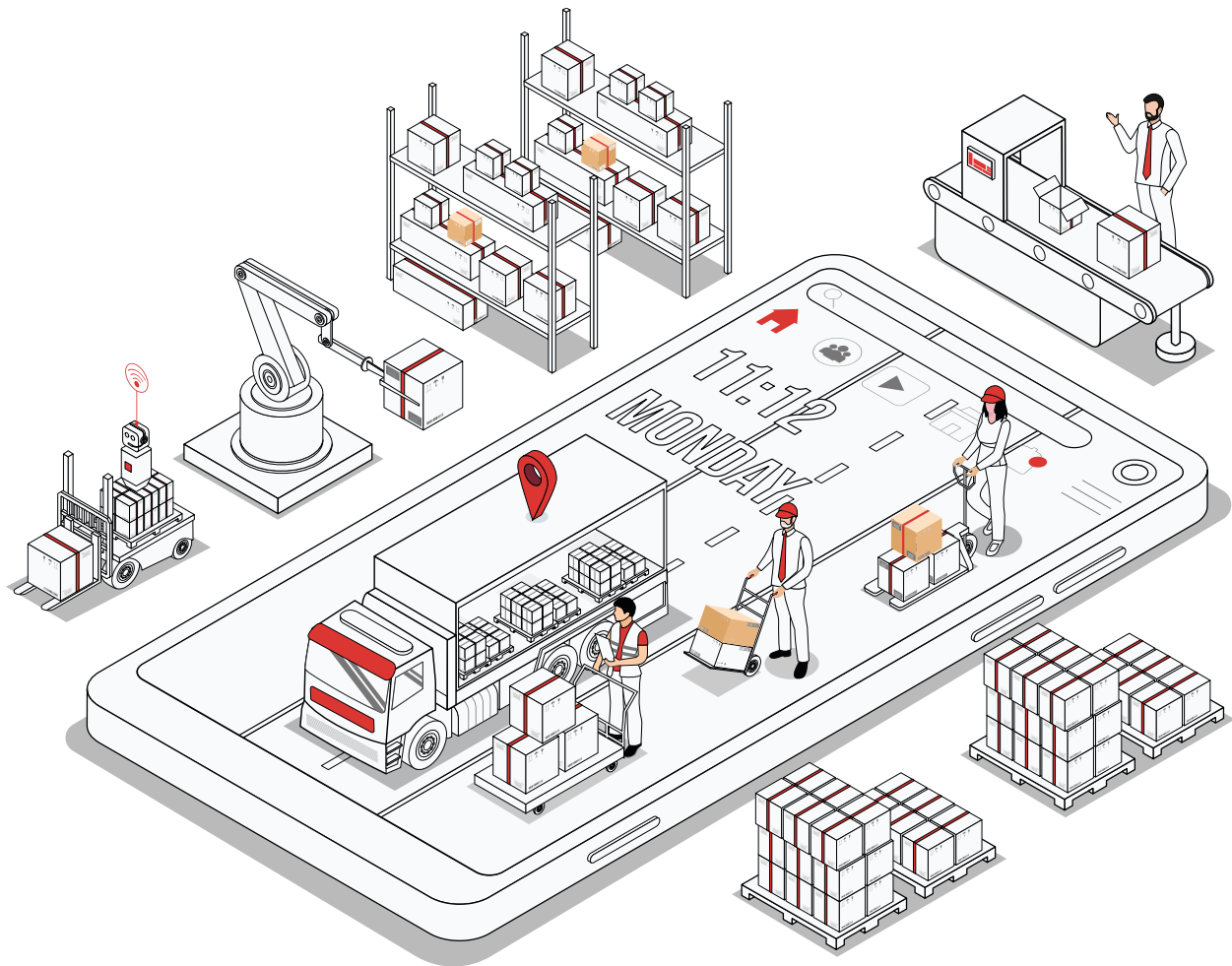
As logistics needs evolve, TMS solutions will need to offer greater adaptability and scalability. Future systems will provide flexible configurations that can easily scale with changing business requirements and market conditions. This will allow shippers to adjust their logistics capabilities in response to new challenges and opportunities.

Enhancing Customer Experience: Delivering Greater Value

Finally, the focus on enhancing customer experience will be a major driver of future TMS development. By providing more accurate delivery estimates, improved communication, and higher service levels, TMS will help shippers meet and exceed customer expectations. Solutions that prioritize customer satisfaction will not only strengthen client relationships, but also differentiate shippers in a competitive market.

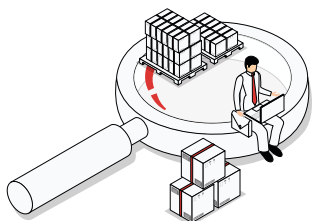
Conclusion

The future of logistics automation is poised to bring transformative changes that will redefine the logistics landscape. By embracing advancements in AI, real-time data, autonomous technologies, blockchain, and more, shippers can achieve greater efficiency, accuracy, and agility. Staying ahead of these trends will be key to leveraging the full potential of logistics automation and achieving operational excellence in an increasingly complex and dynamic environment.



Shippers' Guide

to Implementing Automation



Step 1: Conduct a Comprehensive Workflow Assessment

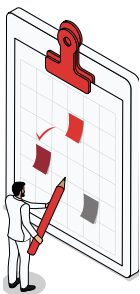
Before implementing automation, it's essential to understand your current logistics workflow. Map out each step in your supply chain—from order processing and inventory management to transportation and delivery. Identify inefficiencies, bottlenecks, and tasks that are highly repetitive and prone to human error. This assessment should highlight areas where automation can have the most significant impact, such as:

Warehouse operations: Where picking, sorting, and packing are time-consuming.

Order fulfillment: If delays are frequent or accuracy is low.

Shipment tracking: Where a lack of real-time visibility leads to customer service issues.

Actionable Tip: Work with your operations team to document and quantify inefficiencies, such as time spent on manual processes, error rates, and labor costs. This data will serve as the baseline to measure the success of automation post-implementation.



Step 2: Choose the Right Automation Technologies

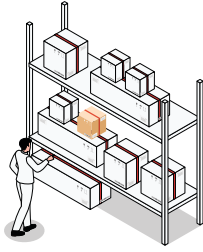
There is no one-size-fits-all solution for logistics automation. The best technologies for your business will depend on the specific challenges you face. Some key technologies to consider include:

RPA: Use RPA to automate repetitive back-office tasks like data entry, invoice processing, and order management.

Warehouse Automation Systems: Automated storage and retrieval systems (ASRS) or robotic picking systems can dramatically speed up warehouse operations.

TMS: A cloud-based TMS automates carrier selection, optimizes routes, and tracks shipments in real-time, reducing manual intervention.

Actionable Tip: Pilot different automation technologies on a smaller scale before a full rollout. For example, you could start with RPA in order processing or AGVs in one warehouse to gauge results and identify any unforeseen challenges.



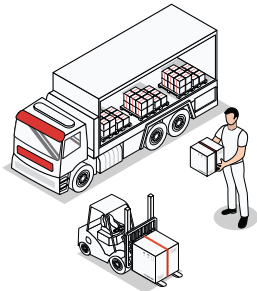
Step 3: Focus on System Integration

To fully unlock the benefits of automation, your systems must communicate seamlessly. Integration between your TMS, Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) systems, and Customer Relationship Management (CRM) tools ensures that data flows smoothly across your organization, reducing manual data entry and improving decision-making.

ERP and TMS Integration: This allows you to synchronize inventory levels, order status, and shipping data across your entire supply chain.

IoT and Real-Time Visibility: Integrating IoT sensors with your TMS can provide real-time visibility into shipment locations, vehicle conditions, and even driver behavior, helping to prevent delays and damage.

Actionable Tip: Invest in a middleware platform or integration service to connect your existing systems with your new automation tools. This will ensure seamless data transfer and minimize downtime during the implementation phase.



Step 4: Train and Upskill Your Workforce

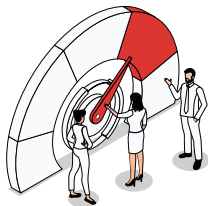
Even the most advanced automation tools require human oversight. Ensure that your team is equipped to work alongside automated systems by providing comprehensive training. Focus on developing skills in:

Data analysis: Interpreting the insights generated by AI and analytics tools.

System management: Overseeing automated machinery and addressing issues quickly to minimize downtime.

Process optimization: Continuously improving automated workflows for maximum efficiency.

Actionable Tip: Develop a training plan that blends hands-on experience with theoretical knowledge. Start with cross-functional teams that will work closely with the automated systems and gradually expand training as you scale automation efforts.



Step 5: Implement Metrics for Continuous Improvement

Automation is not a one-time fix; it requires ongoing refinement to maximize its value. Establish key performance indicators (KPIs) such as:

Processing speed: Measure the reduction in time taken to complete tasks like picking, packing, and order fulfillment.

Error rates: Track the decrease in manual errors that automation eliminates.

Labor reallocation: Monitor how you're reallocating human labor from repetitive tasks to higher-value strategic work.

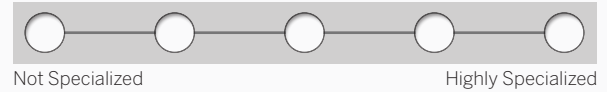
Actionable Tip: Conduct quarterly reviews of automation performance. Gather feedback from both system data and team members to identify any emerging inefficiencies or integration issues.

1. Automation Tools Utilized

a. How many different automation tools are you currently using in your logistics operations?



b. To what extent are these tools specialized for your logistics needs?

**2. Integration and Interoperability**

a. How well are your automation tools integrated with your existing ERP or CRM systems?



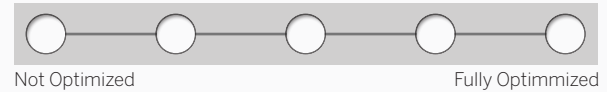
b. Are there any data silos or integration issues?

**3. Process Efficiency and Optimization**

a. How often do your automated processes experience delays or errors?



b. Are your logistics processes optimized for efficiency with automation?

**4. Data Management and Analytics**

a. How effectively is data from your logistics operations collected and utilized?



b. Do you use real-time data for decision-making?

**5. Cost Efficiency and ROI**

a. What is the current cost of your automation tools relative to the benefits they provide?



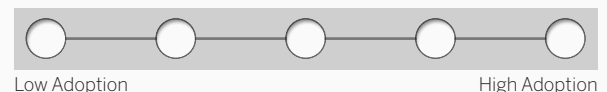
b. Have you measured the ROI of your logistics automation investments?

**6. Training and User Adoption**

a. How well are your staff trained to use the automation tools?



b. What is the level of adoption and user satisfaction with the automation systems?



Interpretation and Actionable Strategy

Results

6-12: Low Automation



Low Automation

Advanced Automation

Identify Key Areas for Automation: Map out your logistics processes and identify at least three critical areas (e.g., order entry, inventory management, shipment tracking) where automation could have the most impact.

Research Automation Solutions: Investigate automation tools like TMS or WMS that cater to your identified needs.

Develop a Phased Implementation Plan: Create a step-by-step plan to integrate automation, starting with pilot projects. For example, automate order entry in one department before expanding.

Plan Staff Training: Schedule training sessions with automation tool providers or consultants. Ensure at least 80% of your logistics staff are trained within the next 3 months.

13-20: Basic Automation



Low Automation

Advanced Automation

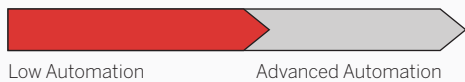
Improve System Integration: Integrate your TMS with your ERP system by working with your IT team or a consultant. Aim for real-time data exchange between systems within 6 months.

Optimize Key Processes: Use process mapping tools to identify inefficiencies. Implement changes like automated inventory updates or streamlined order processing workflows.

Enhance Data Analytics: Implement a data analytics to track performance metrics and generate actionable reports. Set up dashboards to monitor key KPIs.

Monitor ROI: Develop a framework to track the ROI of your automation investments. Calculate cost savings and productivity improvements quarterly.

21-30: Moderate Automation



Low Automation

Advanced Automation

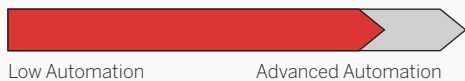
Expand Automation Coverage: Add automation to additional logistics functions such as automated shipping label generation or predictive inventory management.

Enhance Integration: Work with your IT team to improve data flow between your TMS, WMS, and CRM systems. Aim to reduce manual data entry by 50% within 6 months.

Refine Automated Processes: Conduct regular process reviews and solicit feedback from users to identify and resolve bottlenecks. Implement a continuous improvement plan.

Leverage Data Insights: Use advanced analytics tools to predict demand and optimize inventory levels. Set up automated alerts for anomalies in key metrics.

31-40: Advanced Automation



Low Automation

Advanced Automation

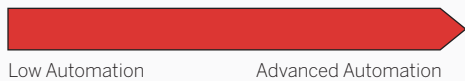
Adopt Innovative Technologies: Explore emerging technologies like AI for predictive analytics or blockchain for enhanced transparency. Consider piloting these technologies in a specific area.

Maintain Integration Excellence: Regularly audit your system integrations to ensure they are functioning optimally. Schedule bi-annual reviews and updates as needed.

Optimize Efficiency: Implement process optimization techniques such as lean management or Six Sigma. Set specific goals like reducing order processing time by 20%.

Enhance ROI Monitoring: Use ROI dashboards to track performance and adjust strategies based on real-time data. Review ROI metrics monthly and make adjustments to improve outcomes.

41-50: Best Practice



Low Automation

Advanced Automation

Lead in Innovation: Invest in research and development to explore new automation technologies and methodologies. Set aside a budget for innovation initiatives and track their impact.

Continuously Improve: Establish a regular review cycle for your automation strategies. Implement feedback loops and stay updated on industry trends to ensure ongoing improvement.

Leverage Advanced Analytics: Implement advanced tools like machine learning models for predictive analytics. Use these tools to automate decision-making processes and enhance operational efficiency.

Appendix A

Glossary of Terms

AI	Artificial Intelligence	AI refers to the simulation of human intelligence in machines that are programmed to think, learn, and perform tasks autonomously.
IOT	Internet of Things	IoT is a network of interconnected devices that communicate and exchange data over the internet without human intervention.
AMR	Autonomous Mobile Robots	AMRs are robots that navigate and perform tasks independently in dynamic environments using sensors, maps, and software.
AGV	Automated Guided Vehicles	AGVs are vehicles that follow predefined paths or use tracks to transport materials without human intervention in industrial settings.
RPA	Robotic Process Automation	RPA involves using software robots to automate repetitive, rule-based tasks typically performed by humans.
RFID	Radio Frequency Identification	RFID is a technology that uses electromagnetic fields to automatically identify and track tags attached to objects.
ASRS	Automated Storage and Retrieval Systems	ASRS are computer-controlled systems for automatically storing and retrieving goods from specific locations in warehouses.
TMS	Transportation Management System	TMS is software that helps businesses plan, execute, and optimize the movement of goods across the supply chain.
ERP	Enterprise Resource Planning	ERP is a suite of integrated applications that organizations use to manage and automate core business processes.
CRM	Customer Relationship Management	CRM is a strategy and system for managing a company's interactions with current and potential customers to improve relationships and sales.
KPI	Key Performance Indicator	A KPI is a measurable value that demonstrates how effectively a company is achieving its business objectives.

Appendix B

Works Cited

- [1] C. Design, "Autonomous mobile robots' value is more than just speed," 24 March 2021. [Online]. Available: <https://www.controldesign.com/motion/robotics/article/11295797/autonomous-mobile-robots-value-is-more-than-just-speed>.
- [2] M. Engineering, "White Paper: Industrial AGVs: Improving Productivity and Space Efficiency with Smart, Compact Electric Actuators," [Online]. Available: [https://resources.asme.org/white-paper-industrial-agvs#:~:text=Automated%20guided%20vehicles%20\(AGVs\)%20can,increasingly%20space%2Dconstrained%20factory%20floors..](https://resources.asme.org/white-paper-industrial-agvs#:~:text=Automated%20guided%20vehicles%20(AGVs)%20can,increasingly%20space%2Dconstrained%20factory%20floors..)
- [3] CGS IT Consulting, "How Robotic Process Automation benefits your business," [Online]. Available: <https://ggsitc.com/blog/robotic-process-automation-reduce-labor-costs>.
- [4] Cybra, "5 RFID Statistics Manufacturers Need to Know," [Online]. Available: <https://cybra.com/5-rfid-statistics-manufacturers-need-to-know/#:~:text=%E2%80%99CRFID%20increases%20inventory%20accuracy%2C%20from,improve%20their%20operations%20and%20processes..>
- [5] Conveyco Marketing, "Can an AS/RS Save your Operation Time and Money?," 14 October 2015. [Online]. Available: <https://www.conveyco.com/blog/can-an-asrs-save-your-operation-time-and-money/>.
- [6] Kardex, "Automated Storage and Retrieval Systems," Kardex, [Online]. Available: [https://info.kardex.com/us-en/ppc/general/automated-storage/kr/noam?new_dynamic_lead_source=Content+Download&new_dynamic_detailed_lead_source=brochure-dynamic+storage+and+retrieval+system-noam-2024&utm_source=adwords&utm_medium=cpc&utm_term=asrs+system&utm_source=adwords&utm_medium=cpc&utm_term=asrs+system](https://info.kardex.com/us-en/ppc/general/automated-storage/kr/noam?new_dynamic_lead_source=Content+Download&new_dynamic_detailed_lead_source=brochure-dynamic+storage+and+retrieval+system-noam-2024&utm_source=adwords&utm_medium=cpc&utm_term=asrs+system&utm_source=adwords&utm_medium=cpc&utm_term=asrs+system&utm_source=adwords&utm_medium=cpc&utm_term=asrs+system). [Accessed 18 October 2024].
- [7] A. Ramaswamy, "How to Reliably Calculate Return on Investment for Robotic Process Automation," thoughtful.ai, [Online]. Available: <https://www.thoughtful.ai/blog/calculating-roi-for-robotic-process-automation#:~:text=Labor%20cost%20savings%3A%20RPA%20can,this%20is%20a%20worthwhile%20metric..> [Accessed 18 October 2024].
- [8] J. Linder, "AI In The Transportation Industry Statistics: Transforming Efficiency and Safety," WifiTalents, 6 August 2024. [Online]. Available: <https://wifitalents.com/statistic/ai-in-the-transportation-industry/>.

Take Full Control of Logistics Automation with MySpot

Ready to automate and optimize your shipping processes? Spot's proprietary TMS, MySpot for Shippers, is designed with shippers in mind. It's fully customizable with advanced API connections for seamless integration into a shipper's own system, providing faster pricing, booking and real-time visibility of your supply chain. Backed by our expertise as a 3PL leader, MySpot for Shippers can be the perfect solution to streamline your logistics, increase efficiency, and reduce costs.

Don't wait—schedule a demo today to see how MySpot for Shippers can transform your logistics operations.

Looking for more insights? Download our comprehensive guide on how to successfully implement a TMS in your supply chain. **[Click to learn more!](#)**



Chet Barrows

Director of Client Engagement, Spot

855.550.4977

cbarrows@spotinc.com

spotinc.com

